CLAIMS

- 1. A catalyst on support for the selective oxidation of sulfur-containing compounds to elemental sulfur, comprising at least one catalytically active material that is present on a support material, wherein the catalytically active material consists at least partly of a mixed oxide with an oxidic lattice, in which at least two metals in the form of ions are included.
- 2. A catalyst according to claim 1, wherein the first metal is capable of changing its valence under the conditions of said selective oxidation.
- 3. A catalyst according to claim 2, wherein iron is used as the first metal.
- 4. A catalyst according to claims 1-3, wherein the second metal cannot, or only difficultly, change its valence under the conditions of said selective oxidation.
- 5. A catalyst according to claim 4, wherein as second metal, zinc, cerium, antimony, tin and/or germanium, more particularly zinc, is used.
- 6. A catalyst according to claims 1-5, wherein the atomic ratio of the first and the second metal is between 25/75 and 97.5/2.5, more particularly between 95/5 and 50/50.
- 7. A catalyst according to claims 1-6, which catalyst has a specific surface area of more than 20 m²/g, preferably 25 more than 25 m²/g, and an average pore radius of at least 100 Å, while the catalyst exhibits substantially no activity for the Claus reaction under the reaction conditions.
 - 8. A catalyst according to claims 1-7, characterized in that the support material is SiO₂.
- 9. A catalyst according to claims 1-8, characterized in that the catalytically active material is present on the support in an amount of 0.1-50% by weight, calculated on the total mass of the catalyst.

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- A method for the preparation of a catalyst 10. according to one or more of claims 1-9, comprising applying compounds of the at least two metals to the surface of a support material, followed by drying and calcination of the support material, while during the calcination an amount of halogenide is present on the support material.
- A method according to claim 10, wherein the 11. support material is impregnated with one or more solutions of said metal compounds, and during or after the
- impregnation an amount of chloride, for instance ammonium 10 chloride, is applied to the surface of the support material. Hall hall
 - 12. A method according to claim 10 or 11, wherein the amount of chloride is between 0.1 and 20% by weight, based on the amount by weight of the metals.
 - 13. A method for the selective oxidation of sulfurcontaining compounds, in particular hydrogen sulfide, to elemental sulfur, characterized in that a hydrogen sulfidecontaining gas together with an oxygen-containing gas is passed at an elevated temperature over the catalyst according to one or more of claims 1-9.
 - 14. A method according to claim 13, characterized in that the molar ratio of oxygen to oxidizable sulfur compounds is maintained between 0.5 and 25.